

## **TRAFFIC IMPACT STUDY**

**Green Valley Ranch East  
Planning Areas 8 & 9**

Prepared for:

**Oakwood Homes  
4908 Tower Rd.  
Denver, CO 80249**

Prepared by:

**Felsburg Holt & Ullevig  
6400 S Fiddlers Green Circle, Suite 1500  
Greenwood Village, CO 80111  
303.721.1440**

**Principal: Lyle E. DeVries, PE, PTOE  
Project Engineer: Charles M. Buck, PE, PTOE**



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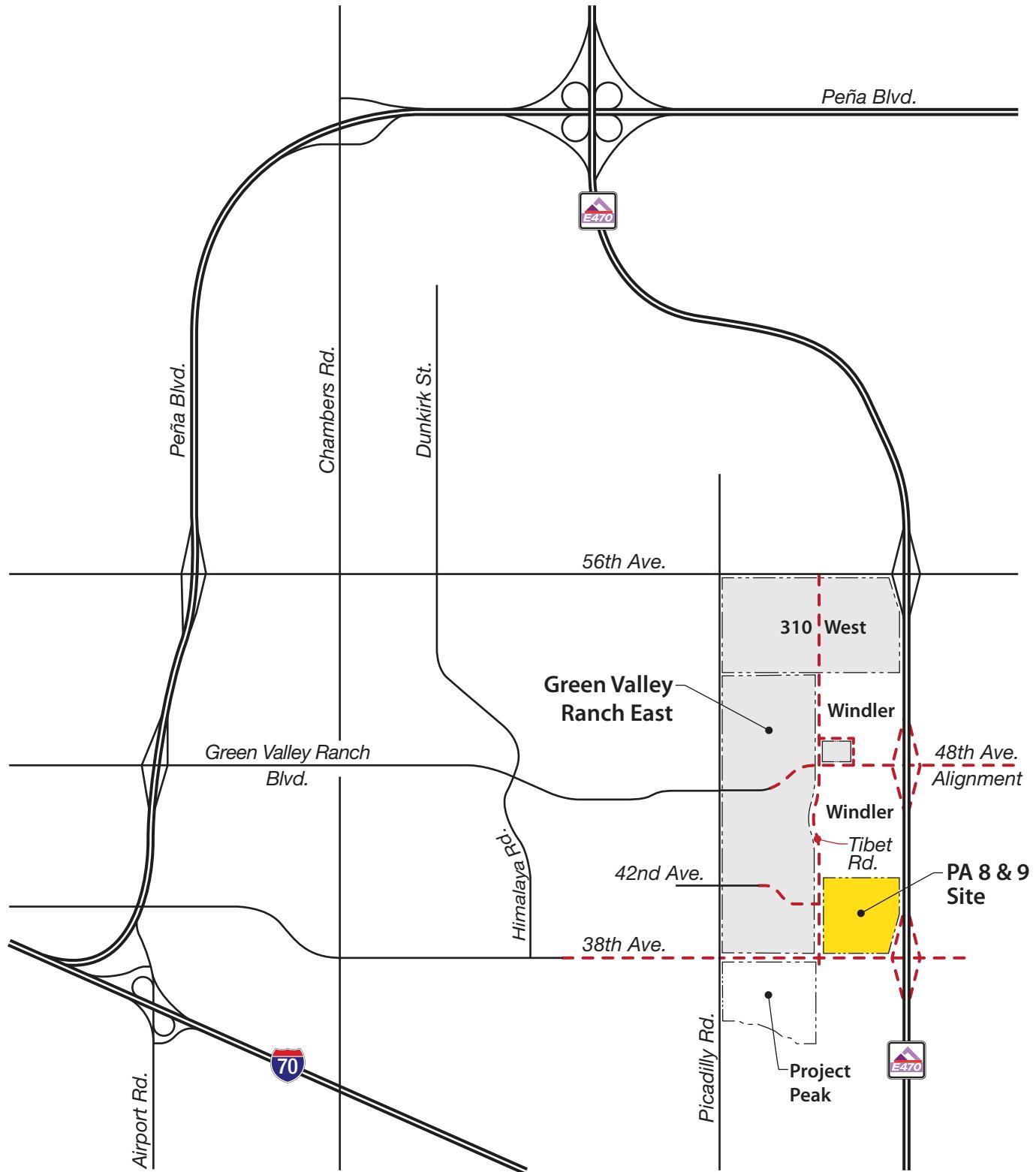
## I. INTRODUCTION

Green Valley Ranch East Planning Areas 8 & 9 include a total of 568 single-family dwelling units. As shown on **Figure 1**, the site is located in the northeast quadrant of the future 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue/Tibet Road intersection in Aurora, Colorado. Vehicular access would be via connection to Tibet Road at the 39<sup>th</sup>, 42<sup>nd</sup>, and 45<sup>th</sup> Avenue (approximate) future alignments. These accesses would be full-movement (unsignalized), consistent with previous planning efforts at Green Valley Ranch East. A local, right-in/right-out (RIRO) connection to 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue is also planned. **Figure 2** depicts the current site plan concept.

Previous traffic analyses conducted for Green Valley Ranch East include the following:

- Transportation Analysis, Green Valley Ranch East, Felsburg Holt & Ullevig, updated May 2020
- Traffic Impact Study, Green Valley Ranch East CSP 3, updated May 2020
- Traffic Impact Study, Green Valley Ranch East Filing 7, updated May 2020

By incorporating the above documents, as well as more recent analyses conducted within the surrounding area, this traffic study identifies the potential impacts specific to the residential development in Planning Areas 8 & 9 and identifies the resultant roadway and traffic control improvements required. Because the adjacent roadway system has yet to be constructed, this analysis focuses on the Long-Range (year 2040) planning horizon.





## II. EXISTING CONDITIONS

### II.A. Land Use

Green Valley Ranch Planning Areas 8 & 9 are currently vacant. E-470 forms the eastern site boundary. Lands to the west in Green Valley Ranch East are currently under development with residential uses. Lands to the south include Project Peak, an industrial development.

### II.B. Roadways

The primary existing study area includes:

- **38<sup>th</sup> Avenue.** This east-west roadway extends east from Tower Road to Himalaya Street as a 4-lane arterial in the City and County of Denver, and is posted with a 40 miles per hour (MPH) speed limit. To the west, 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue transitions to 40<sup>th</sup> Avenue and interchanges with Peña Boulevard. 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue is currently under construction between Himalaya Street and Project Peak, which will have access at the future Tibet Road alignment. In the future, 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue will have an interchange on E-470.
- **Tibet Road.** This planned north-south roadway will be constructed as adjacent lands develop. Tibet Road between 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue and 48<sup>th</sup> Avenue is planned as a 3-lane collector. As noted above, Project Peak (on the south side of 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue) will have vehicular access at the Tibet Road alignment.

### III. PROPOSED FUTURE CONDITIONS

#### III.A. Trip Generation

As previously noted, the planned residential uses within Planning Areas 8 & 9 would consist of 568 single-family residential units. The proposed development is in general conformance with the planning data previously assumed for the *Transportation Analysis, Green Valley Ranch East* master report. The trip generation analysis, summarized in **Table I**, was conducted using the fitted curve equations contained in *Trip Generation*, 11<sup>th</sup> Edition, Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), 2021 (ITE worksheets are included in **Appendix A**).

**Table I. Planning Areas 8 & 9 Trip Generation Analysis**

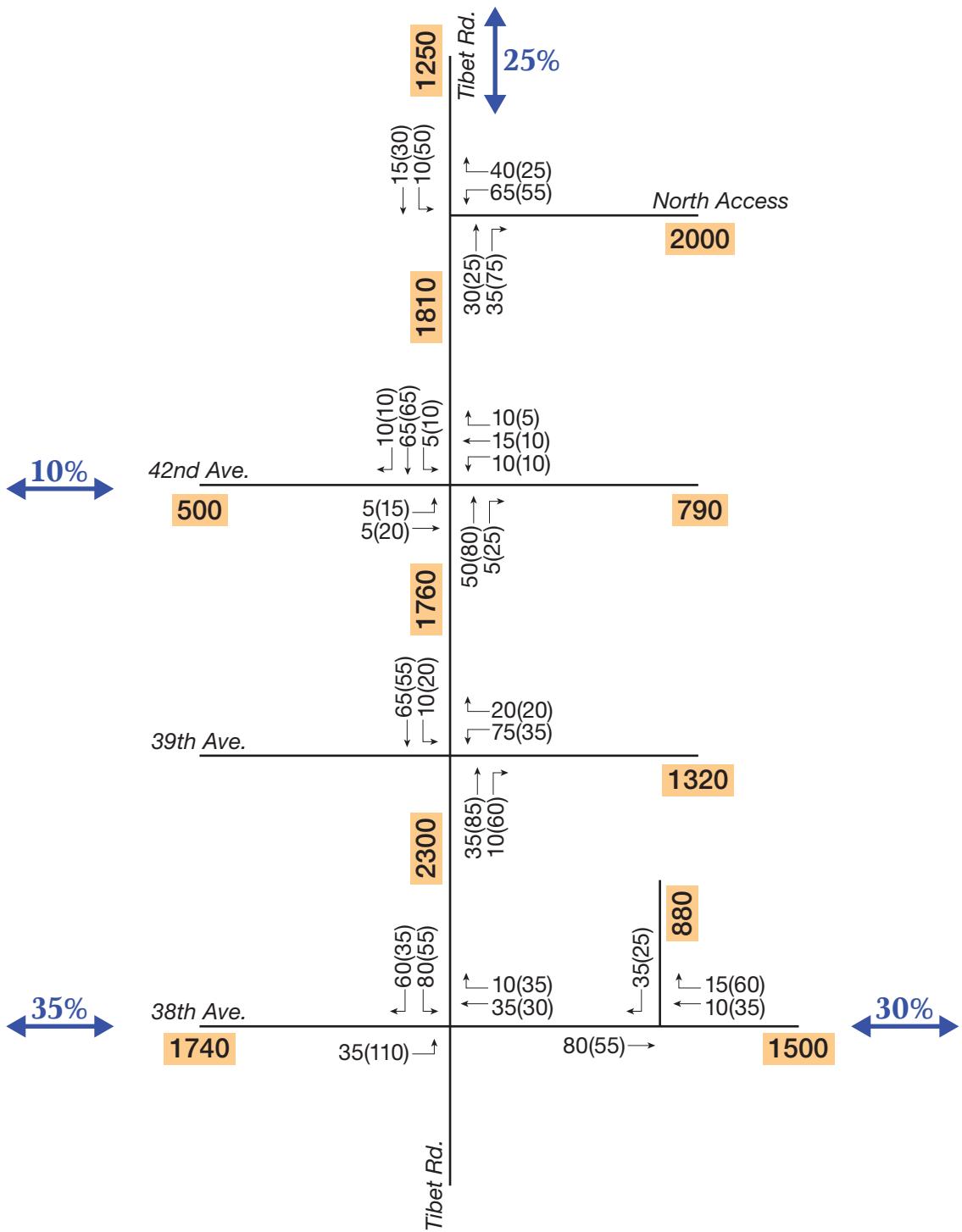
Land Use	Quantity	Daily	AM Peak Hour			PM Peak Hour		
			In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total
Single Family Detached Housing (I)	174 DU	4,990	95	270	365	320	190	510
I ITE Land Use Code 210 Single Family Detached Housing. Fitted curve equation results shown.								

As shown in **Table I**, the site would have a trip generation potential of about 4,990 trips per day, with 365 AM peak hour trips and 510 PM peak hour trips.

#### III.B. Site Trip Distribution and Site-Generated Traffic Assignment

In the future, it is projected that the adjacent study area roadway system would be built, including Tibet Road, 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue, and the E-470 interchange at 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue. The trip distribution, as depicted on **Figure 3**, is based on the location of the site relative to regional connections and on previous traffic engineering efforts at Green Valley Ranch East.

**Figure 3** also shows the resultant site-generated traffic assignment. As shown, Tibet Road would carry between 1,250 and 2,300 vehicles per day (VPD) in site-related volumes. 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue would carry 1,500 to 1,740 VPD generated by the site.



#### LEGEND

XXX(XXX) = AM(PM) Peak Hour Traffic Volumes

**XXX** = Daily Traffic Volumes

**XX%** = Trip Distribution

## IV. FUTURE CONDITIONS

### IV.A. Background Traffic Conditions

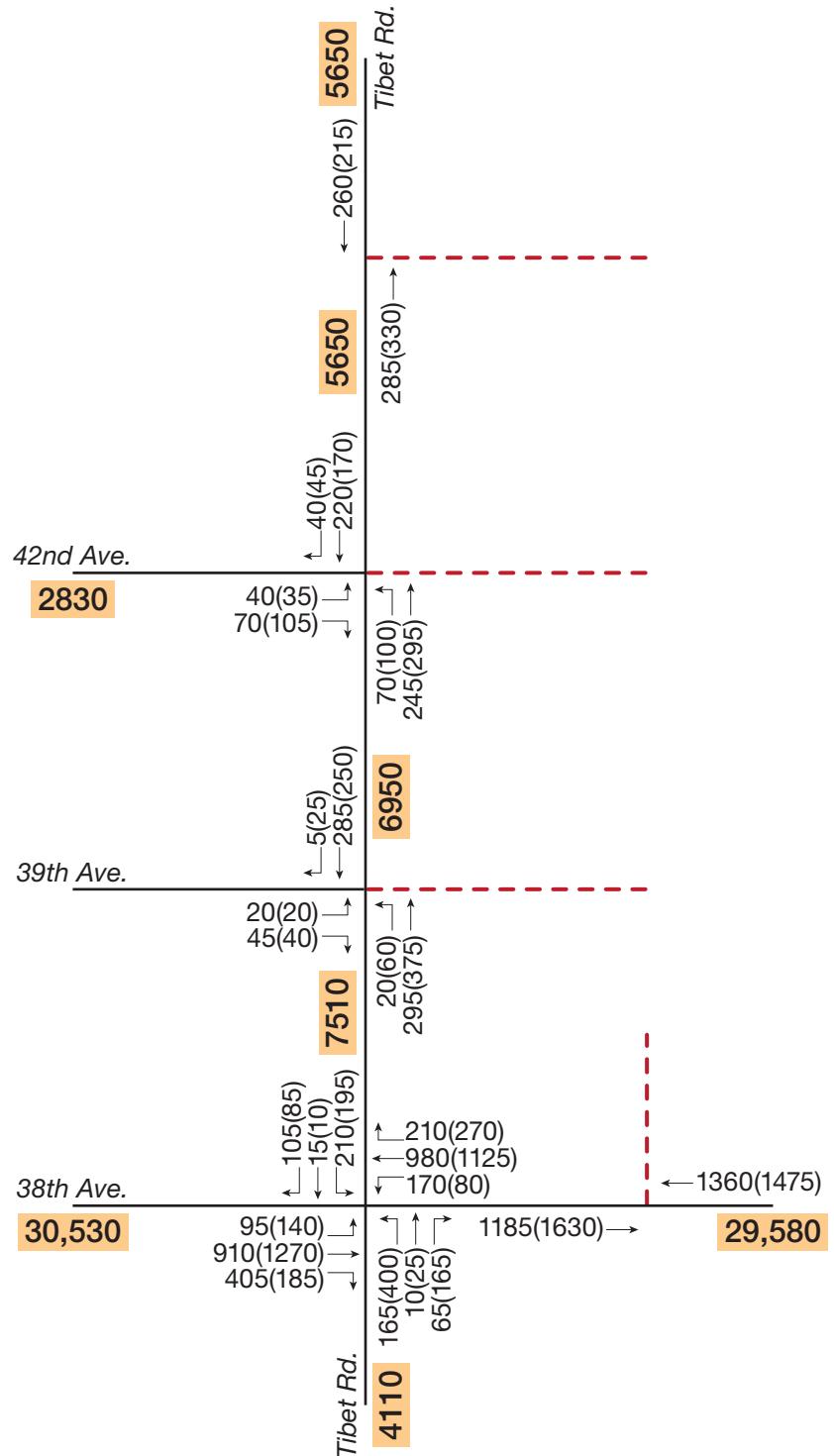
For the Long Range Future scenario (year 2040), background volumes were based on the following:

- Other Green Valley Ranch East development per the Final Development Plan (FDP) and the CSP 1, CSP 2, CSP 3, and Filing 7 Traffic Impact Studies
- Development of Project Peak, per the Traffic Impact Study for this site dated April 2019, by Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc.
- Background growth based on the 2018 NEATS Refresh project, including anticipated development in the surrounding area, as follows:
  - The Aurora Highlands 3,500 acres east of E-470 and The Aurora Highlands 310 located at Picadilly Road and 56<sup>th</sup> Avenue.
  - Porteos, estimated to generate approximately 120,000 trips per day when built out, based on the Denver Regional Council of Governments (DRCOG) model (this master plan's traffic impact study shows more given a maximum buildout scenario).
  - Windler and Cardon properties that straddle E-470.
  - Avelon, located in the northeast quadrant of 56<sup>th</sup> Avenue and Picadilly Road. A mix of residential and commercial uses is planned for this site.
  - Painted Prairie, 1,628 acres of future mixed-use development located in the northwest quadrant of 56<sup>th</sup> Avenue and Picadilly Road.
  - Majestic (southwest of E-470 and 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue). Project Peak is a portion of this overall development.

**Figure 4** illustrates the resultant Long Range Future background projections. As shown, background volumes on 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue would be approximately 29,580 to 30,530 VPD. Daily volumes on Tibet Road adjacent to Planning Areas 8 & 9 would range between about 5,650 to 7,510 VPD.

The Long Range Future peak hour background volumes were used as the basis for intersection Level of Service (LOS) analyses, the results of which are graphically depicted on **Figure 5**. As shown, year 2040 background traffic operations are projected to remain generally acceptable at study area intersections (**Appendix B** contains LOS worksheets). The analyses assume the following improvements:

- Tibet Road would be constructed to a three-lane collector cross section with adjacent development. The projected traffic volumes along Tibet Road would remain within the general capacity of a two-lane collector roadway.
- 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue would be constructed to four-lane arterial standards. For this analysis, it is assumed that the planned interchange at E-470/38<sup>th</sup> Avenue would be constructed.
- The intersection at 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue/Tibet Street would require signalization per the Project Peak Traffic Impact Study. Dual left-turn lanes would be needed on the northbound approach at this intersection. Signalization of this intersection should be anticipated following connection of 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue across E-470.



#### LEGEND

XXX(XXX) = AM(PM) Peak Hour Traffic Volumes

**XXX** = Daily Traffic Volumes

- - - = Future Roadway



NOTE: Drawing Not to Scale

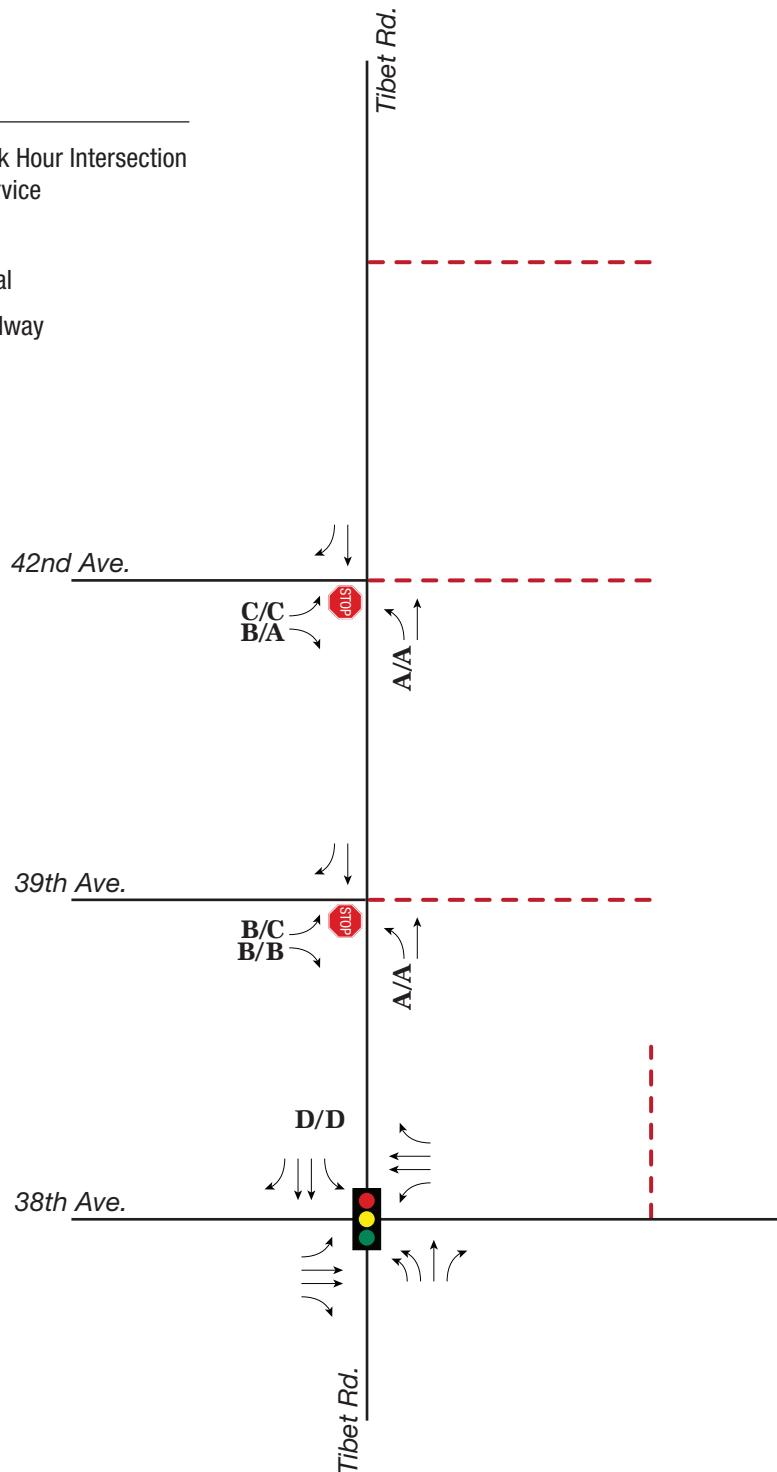
NORTH

**FIGURE 4**

**Long Range Background Traffic Volumes**

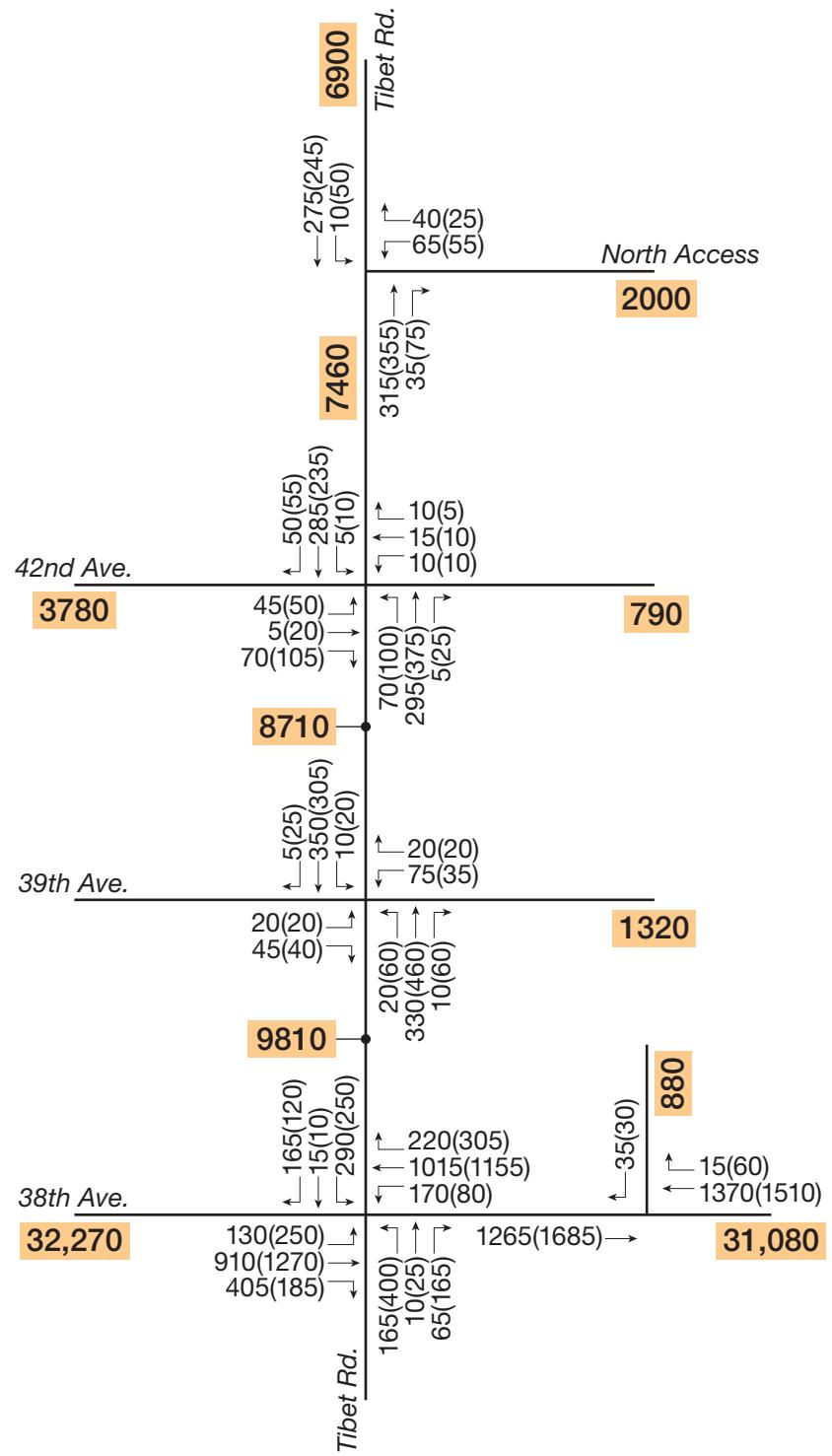
## LEGEND

- X/X = AM/PM Peak Hour Intersection Level of Service
-  = Stop Sign
-  = Traffic Signal
- - - = Future Roadway



#### IV.B. Total Future Traffic

The site-generated traffic volumes previously shown on **Figure 3** were added to the 2040 background traffic volumes (**Figure 5**) to produce the Long Range Future total traffic volumes as illustrated on **Figure 6**. As shown, Tibet Road daily volumes would range between about 6,900 and 9,810 VPD within the study area. 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue is estimated to serve approximately 31,080 to 32,270 VPD in the vicinity of the site.



#### LEGEND

XXX(XXX) = AM(PM) Peak Hour Traffic Volumes

**XXX** = Daily Traffic Volumes



NOTE: Drawing Not to Scale

NORTH

**FIGURE 6**

**Long Range Total Traffic Volumes**

## V. EVALUATION

### V.A. Level of Service

The Long Range total traffic peak hour intersection operations are shown on **Figure 7 (Appendix C)** contains LOS worksheets). As shown, study area traffic operations would continue to be acceptable at the study area signalized intersections. As previously noted, the intersection at Tibet Road/38<sup>th</sup> Avenue would warrant signalization. A traffic signal at this intersection would operate at LOS D during peak times. **Table 2** provides a summary of the LOS results.

**Table 2. LOS Summary**

Intersection/Movement	2040 Background		2040 Total Traffic	
	AM Peak Hour	PM Peak Hour	AM Peak Hour	PM Peak Hour
<b>38<sup>th</sup> Ave/Tibet Road</b>	<b>Traffic Signal</b>			
Northbound Left	E	E	E	E
Northbound Through	C	C	D	D
Northbound Right	C	C	C	D
Southbound Left	E	E	E	E
Southbound Through	C	C	C	D
Southbound Right	C	C	C	C
Eastbound Left	C	C	D	E
Eastbound Through	D	D	D	D
Eastbound Right	C	C	C	B
Westbound Left	D	D	D	C
Westbound Through	D	D	D	D
Westbound Right	B	B	B	B
<b>Tibet Road/39<sup>th</sup> Ave</b>	<b>STOP Sign Control (EB/WB)</b>			
Northbound Left	A	A	A	A
Southbound Left	—	—	A	A
Eastbound Left	B	C	C	D
Eastbound Through-Right	B	B	B	B
Westbound Left	—	—	D	D
Westbound Through-Right	—	—	B	B
<b>Tibet Road/42<sup>nd</sup> Ave</b>	<b>STOP Sign Control (EB/WB)</b>			
Northbound Left	A	A	A	A
Southbound Left	—	—	A	A
Eastbound Left	C	C	C	D
Eastbound Through-Right	B	A	B	B
Westbound Left	—	—	C	D
Westbound Through-Right	—	—	C	C
<b>Tibet Road/North Access</b>				
Southbound Left	—	—	A	A
Westbound Left	—	—	C	C
Westbound Right	—	—	B	B
<b>38<sup>th</sup> Ave/RIRO Access</b>				
Southbound Right	—	—	C	C

## V.B. Internal Traffic Control

At Tibet Road/42<sup>nd</sup> Avenue, traffic operations would be acceptable under STOP sign control. Per our previous traffic engineering efforts for CSP 3 and Filing 7, however, this intersection is adjacent to a future school site and could require a protected pedestrian crossing in the future. Therefore, future traffic and pedestrian conditions should be periodically monitored, and appropriate traffic control measures implemented, when warranted. Particular consideration of Warrant 5, School Crossing, would be anticipated. If signalized, the intersection would operate acceptably during peak times.

Traffic control at the internal intersections within Planning Areas 8 & 9 would be unsignalized, with STOP sign control on the minor approaches. **Figure 8** depicts the proposed internal traffic control. Given the limited continuity of the internal local streets, additional traffic calming measures are not envisioned.

## V.C. Street Layout

The proposed street layout for Planning Areas 8 & 9 is generally consistent with Section 4.04.1 of the City's Roadway Design and Construction Standards, as follows:

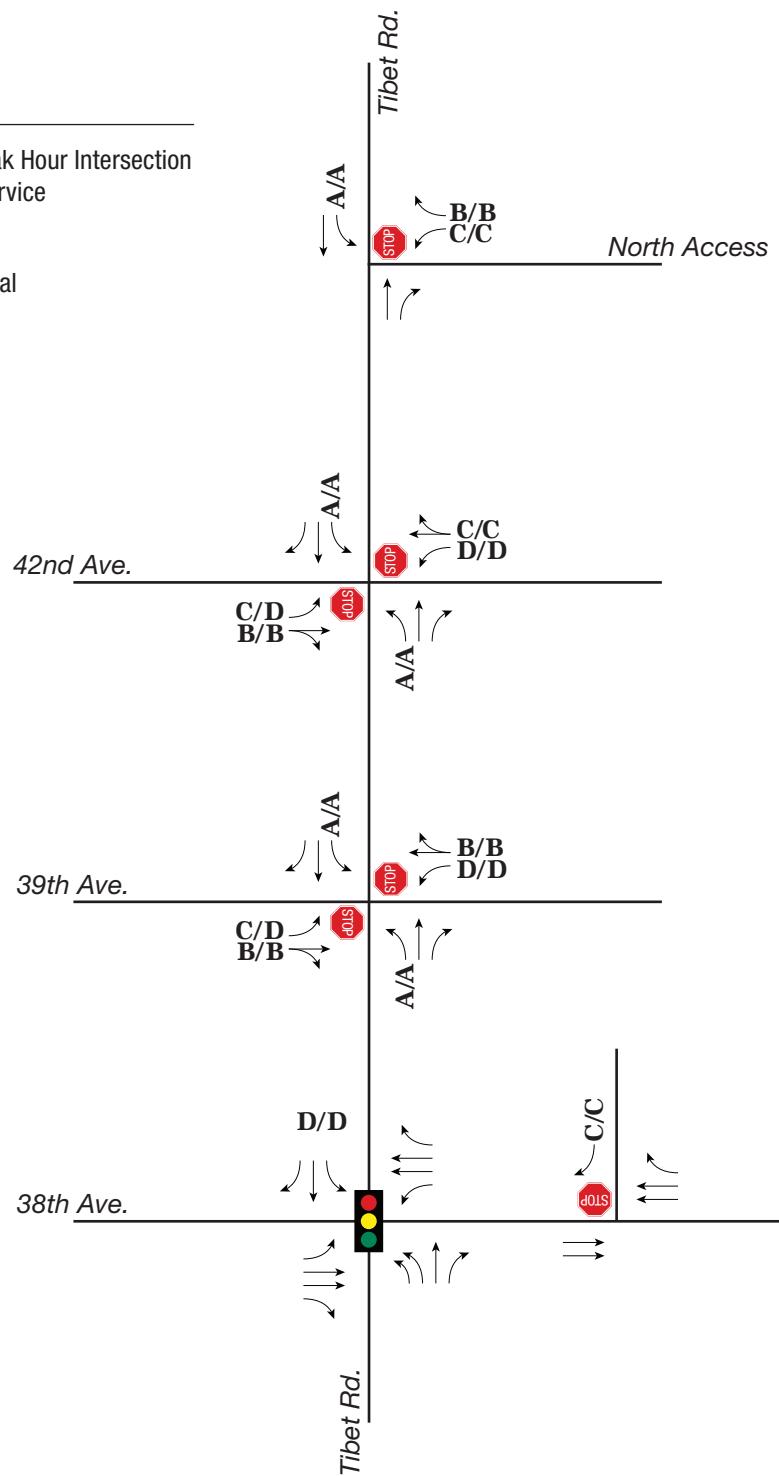
- Arterial spacing (38<sup>th</sup> Avenue, 48<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Picadilly Road and E-470) are at the approximate one-mile spacing per standards)
- Collector spacing (42<sup>nd</sup> Avenue and Tibet Road) generally meets the half-mile spacing requirement and is consistent with previous planning at Green Valley Ranch East.
- There are two local street connections and one collector connection to Tibet Road, which forms the western perimeter of the site. Of note, the proposed collector connection to Tibet would provide for a potential future local connection into the Windler site north of Planning Areas 8 & 9. The site plan also shows one local street connection to 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue on the southern site perimeter.
- There are no cul-de-sacs longer than 500 feet proposed. No dead ends or hammerheads are proposed.
- However, several areas within Planning Areas 8 & 9 require travel on three local streets to connect to an internal destination (Aurora standards specify no more than two local streets to a destination)

## LEGEND

X/X = AM/PM Peak Hour Intersection Level of Service

= Stop Sign

= Traffic Signal





## LEGEND

= Stop Sign

## V.D. Queues

The 95<sup>th</sup> percentile maximum probable queue lengths for Long Range Future conditions were extracted from the SYNCHRO LOS worksheets. The queue lengths are converted into feet (assuming a typical length of 25 feet per vehicle) and are summarized in **Table 3**. The table also provides CDOT storage requirements per the State Highway Access Code (SHAC). The recommended storage lengths consider both the CDOT criteria and the queueing projections.

**Table 3. Queue Length Summary – Long Range Future**

Intersection/Movement	95 % Queue Length (ft)		CDOT Storage Requirement (ft)	Recommended Storage (ft)
	AM Peak Hour	PM Peak Hour		
<b>38<sup>th</sup> Ave/Tibet Road</b>	<b>Traffic Signal</b>			
Northbound Left (2-lane)	125	300	400	400
Northbound Right	75	225	185	225
Southbound Left	450	400	290	450
Southbound Right	200	150	185	200
Eastbound Left	150	400	250	400
Eastbound Right	400	125	405	425
Westbound Left	200	75	170	200
Westbound Right	175	250	305	300
<b>Tibet Rd/39<sup>th</sup> Ave</b>	<b>STOP Sign</b>			
Northbound Left	25	25	60	75
Northbound Right	–	–	60	75
Southbound Left	0	25	40	50
Southbound Right	–	–	40	50
Eastbound Left	25	25	40	50
Eastbound Thru-Right	25	25	45	50
Westbound Left	50	25	75	75
Westbound Thru-Right	25	25	40	50
<b>Tibet Rd/42<sup>nd</sup> Ave</b>	<b>STOP Sign</b>			
Northbound Left	25	25	100	100
Northbound Right	–	–	40	50
Southbound Left	0	0	40	50
Southbound Right	–	–	55	75
Eastbound Left	25	25	50	50
Eastbound Thru-Right	25	25	125	125
Westbound Left	25	25	40	50
Westbound Thru-Right	25	25	40	50
<b>Tibet Rd/North Site Access</b>	<b>STOP Sign</b>			
Northbound Right	–	–	75	75
Southbound Left	0	25	50	50
Westbound Left	25	25	65	75
Westbound Right	25	25	40	50
<b>38<sup>th</sup> Ave/Site RIRO Access</b>	<b>STOP Sign</b>			
Westbound Right	–	–	60	75

## V.E. Auxiliary Lanes

The site access intersections along Tibet Road and 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue were evaluated relative to auxiliary lane criteria in the CDOT State Highway Access Code. The proposed design for Tibet Road is a two-lane Collector with an assumed 35 MPH posted speed limit (typical for collector roads in Aurora). 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue is planned to be a four-lane arterial with an assumed speed limit of 40 MPH. For this evaluation, CDOT NR-B criteria was applied. **Table 4** summarizes the auxiliary lane length requirements for the site accesses.

**Table 4. Auxiliary Lanes – Planning Areas 8 & 9 Accesses<sup>(1)</sup>**

Intersection	Direction	Left-Turn Lane			Right-Turn Lane		
		Storage	Taper	Total	Storage	Taper	Total
39 <sup>th</sup> Avenue	SB	50	100	150			
	NB				75	100	175
42 <sup>nd</sup> Avenue	SB	50	100	150			
	NB				50	100	150
North Access	SB	50	100	150			
	NB				75	100	175
RIRO Access	WB				75	144	219

I. Dimensions are given in feet.

## V.F. Recommendations

The roadway and intersection improvements that should ultimately be implemented within the study area include the following:

- Construct 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue adjacent to the site as a four-lane Arterial.
- Construct Tibet Road as a two-lane Collector.
- Construct the intersection of Tibet Road/38<sup>th</sup> Avenue to include separate left-turn and right-turn lanes along each approach. Dual left-turn lanes will be required on the northbound approach – all other approaches would have single left-turn lanes. Periodically monitor this intersection and install a traffic signal, when warranted.
- Install STOP-sign control on the westbound approach at Tibet Road/39<sup>th</sup> Place. Provide a southbound left-turn lane and a northbound right-turn lane.
- Install STOP sign control on the westbound site access approach at the 42<sup>nd</sup> Avenue/Tibet Road intersection. Provide a southbound left-turn lane and a northbound right-turn lane. Periodically monitor traffic and pedestrian conditions at this intersection. Ultimately, a signal could be warranted due to its proximity to the future school site and the potential need for a protected school crossing.
- Install STOP-sign control on the westbound approach at the Tibet Road/north site access intersection. Provide a southbound left-turn lane and a northbound right-turn lane.
- Install STOP sign control on the southbound RIRO access approach to 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue. Provide a westbound right-turn lane at this site access.
- Install STOP-sign control at the site-internal intersections as previously depicted.

## VI. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

It is currently proposed to develop 568 single-family homes within Green Valley Ranch East Planning Areas 8 & 9. The site is located along the east side of the future Tibet Road alignment, north of the future 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue alignment. Vehicular access would be via three roadway connections along Tibet Road and one along 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue.

The proposed development at Planning Areas 8 & 9 would have a trip generation potential of about 4,990 trips per day, with 365 AM peak hour trips and 510 PM peak hour trips. Because the adjacent roadway system has yet to be developed, the potential impacts of the site-generated traffic were evaluated under a Long Range Future scenario. In general, the existing and planned roadway system would have sufficient reserve capacity to accommodate the projected increases. Relative to this, the following findings and recommendations are specific to planning Areas 8 & 9:

- Construct 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue adjacent to the site as a four-lane Arterial.
- Construct Tibet Road as a two-lane Collector.
- Construct the intersection of Tibet Road/38<sup>th</sup> Avenue to include separate left-turn and right-turn lanes along each approach. Dual left-turn lanes will be required on the northbound approach – all other approaches would have single left-turn lanes. Periodically monitor this intersection and install a traffic signal, when warranted.
- Install STOP-sign control on the westbound approach at Tibet Road/39<sup>th</sup> Place. Provide a southbound left-turn lane and a northbound right-turn lane.
- Install STOP-sign control on the westbound site access approach at the 42<sup>nd</sup> Avenue/Tibet Road intersection. Provide a southbound left-turn lane and a northbound right-turn lane. Periodically monitor traffic and pedestrian conditions at this intersection. Ultimately, a signal could be warranted due to its proximity to the future school site and the potential need for a protected school crossing.
- Install STOP-sign control on the westbound approach at the Tibet Road/north site access intersection. Provide a southbound left-turn lane and a northbound right-turn lane.
- Install STOP-sign control on the southbound RIRO access approach to 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue. Provide a westbound right-turn lane at this site access.
- Install STOP-sign control at the site-internal intersections as previously depicted on **Figure 8**.

## APPENDIX A. TRIP GENERATION

# Single-Family Detached Housing (210)

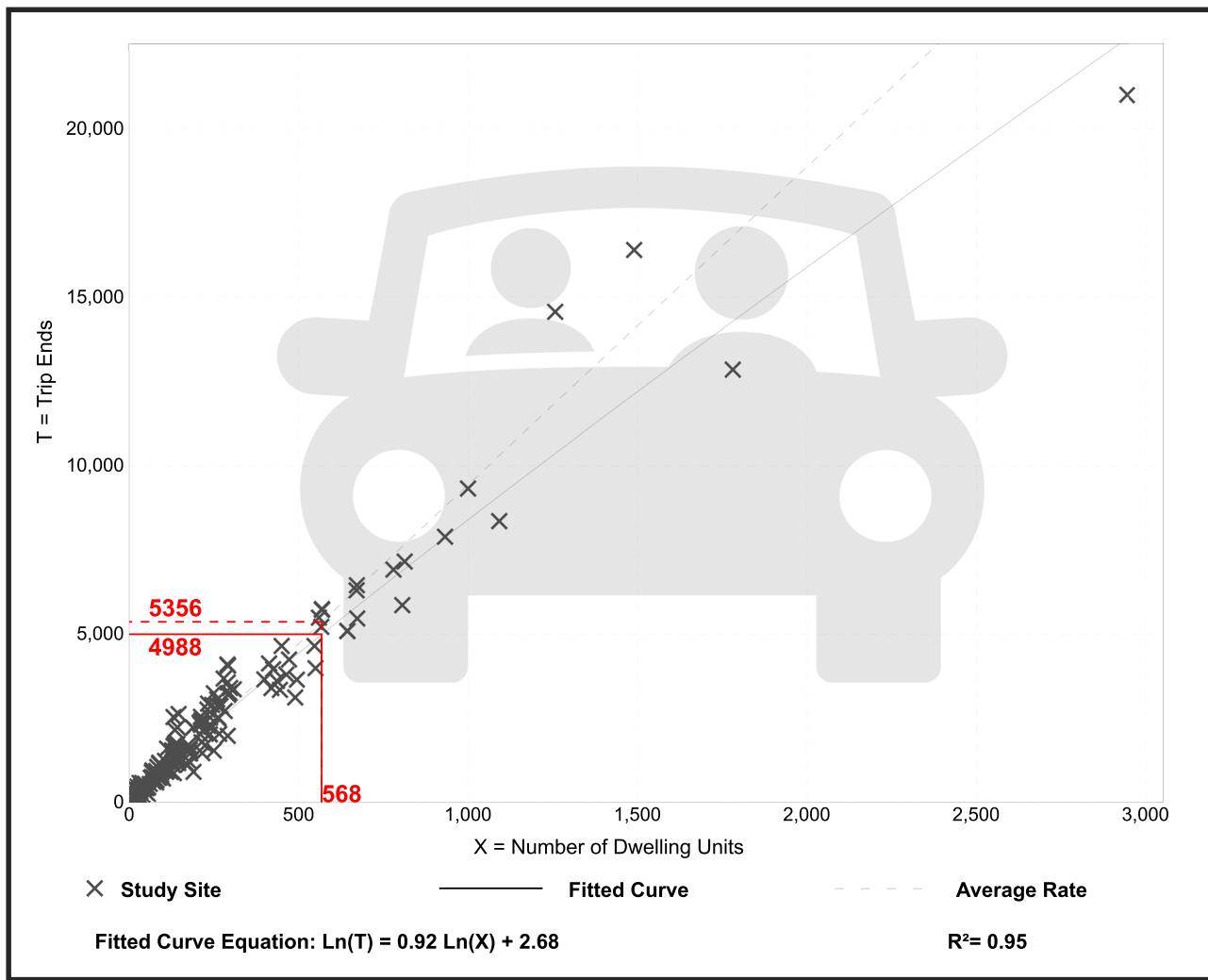
Vehicle Trip Ends vs: Dwelling Units  
On a: Weekday

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban  
Number of Studies: 174  
Avg. Num. of Dwelling Units: 246  
Directional Distribution: 50% entering, 50% exiting

## Vehicle Trip Generation per Dwelling Unit

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
9.43	4.45 - 22.61	2.13

## Data Plot and Equation



# Single-Family Detached Housing (210)

**Vehicle Trip Ends vs:** Dwelling Units

**On a:** Weekday,

**Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic,**

**One Hour Between 7 and 9 a.m.**

**Setting/Location:** General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 192

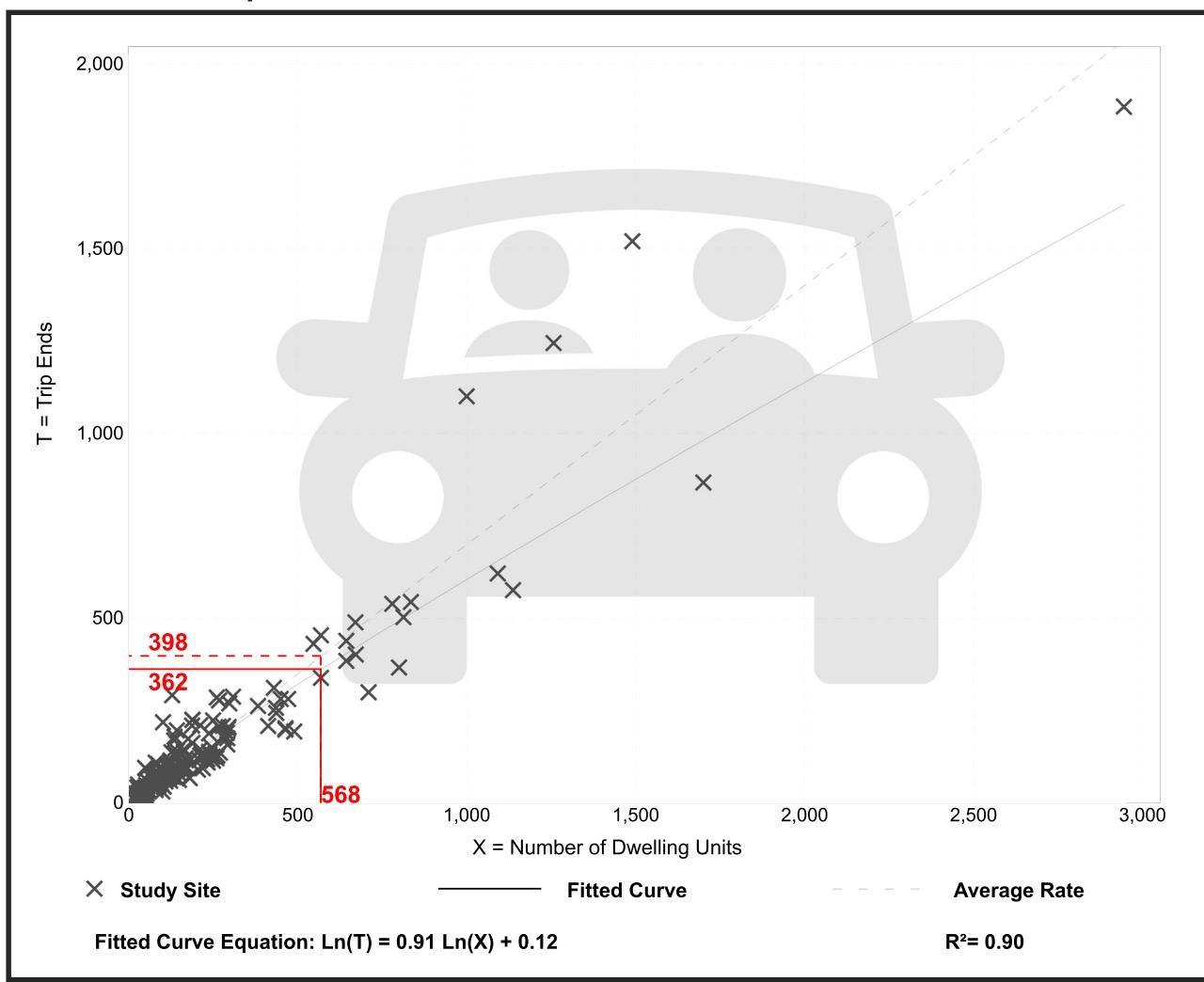
Avg. Num. of Dwelling Units: 226

Directional Distribution: 26% entering, 74% exiting

## Vehicle Trip Generation per Dwelling Unit

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.70	0.27 - 2.27	0.24

## Data Plot and Equation



# Single-Family Detached Housing (210)

**Vehicle Trip Ends vs:** Dwelling Units

**On a:** Weekday,

**Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic,**

**One Hour Between 4 and 6 p.m.**

**Setting/Location:** General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 208

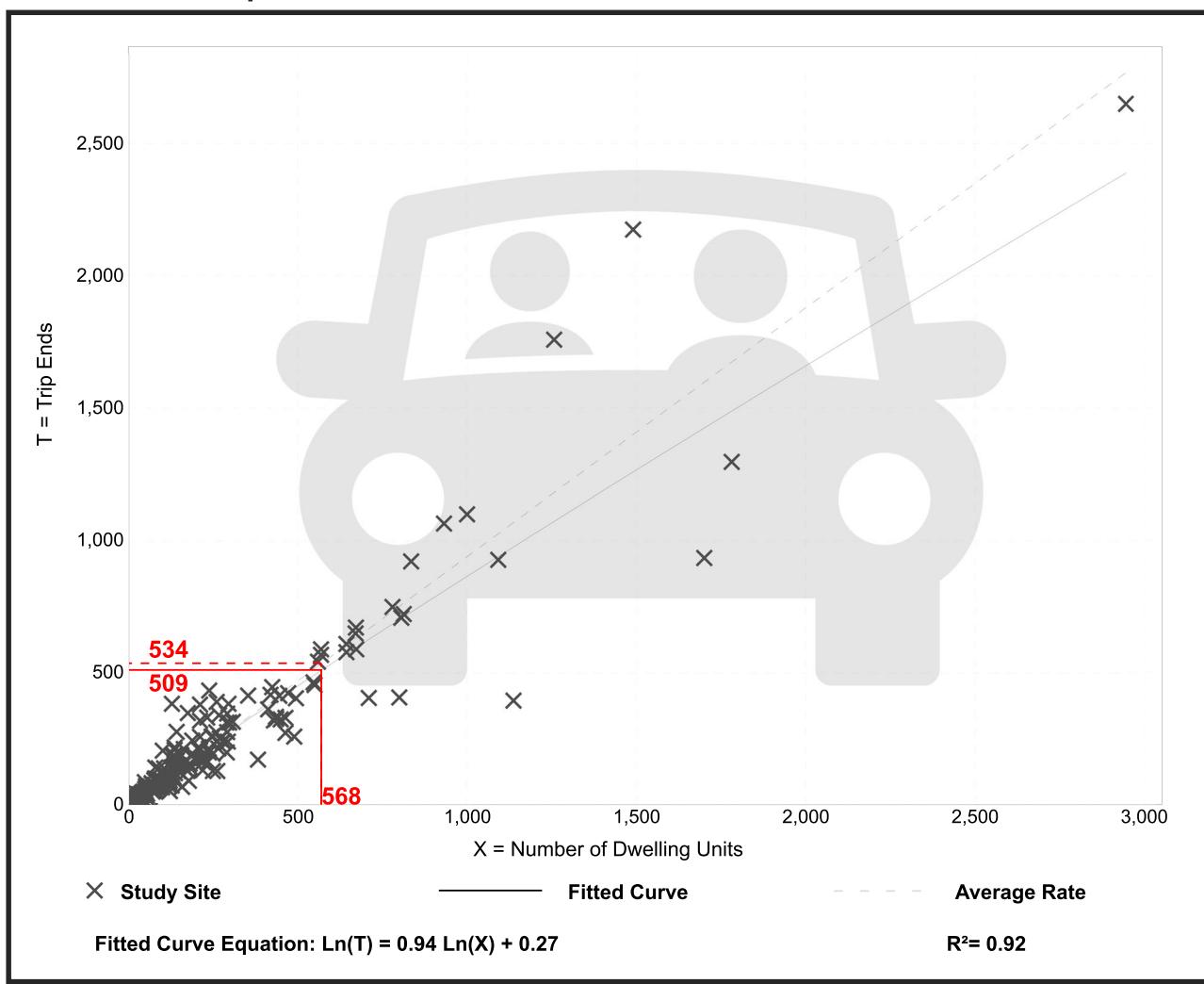
Avg. Num. of Dwelling Units: 248

Directional Distribution: 63% entering, 37% exiting

## Vehicle Trip Generation per Dwelling Unit

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.94	0.35 - 2.98	0.31

## Data Plot and Equation



## APPENDIX B. EXISTING CONDITIONS LOS



Timings  
2: Tibet Rd & 38th Ave

Long Range Background AM Peak Hour

02/09/2022



Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	↑	↑↑	↑	↑	↑↑	↑	↑↑	↑↑	↑	↑	↑↑	↑
Traffic Volume (vph)	95	910	405	170	980	210	165	10	65	210	15	105
Future Volume (vph)	95	910	405	170	980	210	165	10	65	210	15	105
Turn Type	pm+pt	NA	pm+ov	pm+pt	NA	pm+ov	Prot	NA	pt+ov	Prot	NA	pm+ov
Protected Phases	7	4	5	3	8	1	5	2	23	1	6	7
Permitted Phases						8						6
Detector Phase	7	4	5	3	8	1	5	2	23	1	6	7
Switch Phase												
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0		5.0	5.0	5.0
Minimum Split (s)	9.5	22.5	9.5	9.5	22.5	9.5	9.5	22.5		9.5	22.5	9.5
Total Split (s)	12.0	52.0	27.0	17.0	57.0	27.0	27.0	24.0		27.0	24.0	12.0
Total Split (%)	10.0%	43.3%	22.5%	14.2%	47.5%	22.5%	22.5%	20.0%		22.5%	20.0%	10.0%
Yellow Time (s)	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5		3.5	3.5	3.5
All-Red Time (s)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0	1.0	1.0
Lost Time Adjust (s)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Lost Time (s)	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5		4.5	4.5	4.5
Lead/Lag	Lead	Lag	Lead	Lead	Lag	Lead	Lead	Lag		Lead	Lag	Lead
Lead-Lag Optimize?	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes							
Recall Mode	None	C-Max		None	C-Max	None						
Act Effect Green (s)	49.0	41.6	58.1	57.5	46.0	70.1	12.0	29.0	45.3	19.6	36.6	48.5
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.41	0.35	0.48	0.48	0.38	0.58	0.10	0.24	0.38	0.16	0.30	0.40
v/c Ratio	0.58	0.81	0.44	0.78	0.78	0.22	0.52	0.02	0.11	0.79	0.03	0.16
Control Delay	30.2	40.9	2.7	47.5	36.8	1.5	56.4	41.2	7.3	67.5	34.6	5.7
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Delay	30.2	40.9	2.7	47.5	36.8	1.5	56.4	41.2	7.3	67.5	34.6	5.7
LOS	C	D	A	D	D	A	E	D	A	E	C	A
Approach Delay	29.2				32.7			42.4			46.4	
Approach LOS	C				C			D			D	

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 120

Actuated Cycle Length: 120

Offset: 19.5 (16%), Referenced to phase 2:NBT and 6:SBT, Start of Yellow

Natural Cycle: 90

Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated

Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.81

Intersection Signal Delay: 33.3

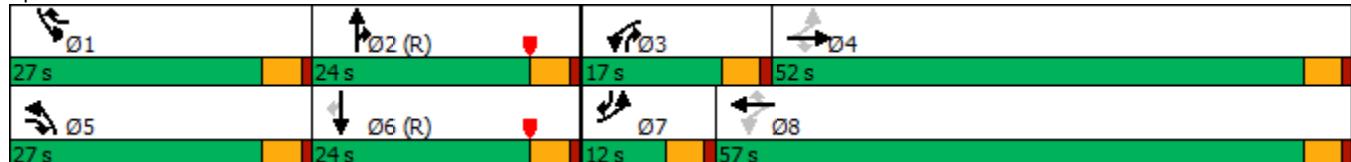
Intersection LOS: C

Intersection Capacity Utilization 64.1%

ICU Level of Service C

Analysis Period (min) 15

Splits and Phases: 2: Tibet Rd & 38th Ave



Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	1.4					
Movement	EBL	EBR	NBL	NBT	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑
Traffic Vol, veh/h	20	45	20	295	285	5
Future Vol, veh/h	20	45	20	295	285	5
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Free	Free	Free	Free
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	-	0	100	-	-	100
Veh in Median Storage, #	0	-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	0	-	-	0	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	92	92	92	92	92	92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	22	49	22	321	310	5
Major/Minor	Minor2	Major1		Major2		
Conflicting Flow All	675	310	315	0	-	0
Stage 1	310	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	365	-	-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy	6.42	6.22	4.12	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	5.42	-	-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	5.42	-	-	-	-	-
Follow-up Hdwy	3.518	3.318	2.218	-	-	-
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	419	730	1245	-	-	-
Stage 1	744	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	702	-	-	-	-	-
Platoon blocked, %	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	411	730	1245	-	-	-
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	411	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 1	731	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	702	-	-	-	-	-
Approach	EB	NB	SB			
HCM Control Delay, s	11.5	0.5	0			
HCM LOS	B					
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBL	NBT	EBLn1	EBLn2	SBT	SBR
Capacity (veh/h)	1245	-	411	730	-	-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.017	-	0.053	0.067	-	-
HCM Control Delay (s)	7.9	-	14.2	10.3	-	-
HCM Lane LOS	A	-	B	B	-	-
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	0.1	-	0.2	0.2	-	-

Intersection

Int Delay, s/veh 2.7

Movement	EBL	EBR	NBL	NBT	SBT	SBR
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Lane Configurations	↖ ↗ ↘ ↗ ↗ ↗					
Traffic Vol, veh/h	40	70	70	245	220	40
Future Vol, veh/h	40	70	70	245	220	40
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Free	Free	Free	Free
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	-	0	100	-	-	100
Veh in Median Storage, #	0	-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	0	-	-	0	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	92	92	92	92	92	92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	43	76	76	266	239	43

Major/Minor	Minor2	Major1	Major2
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Conflicting Flow All	657	239	282	0	-	0
Stage 1	239	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	418	-	-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy	6.42	6.22	4.12	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	5.42	-	-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	5.42	-	-	-	-	-
Follow-up Hdwy	3.518	3.318	2.218	-	-	-
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	430	800	1280	-	-	-
Stage 1	801	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	664	-	-	-	-	-
Platoon blocked, %	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	405	800	1280	-	-	-
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	405	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 1	754	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	664	-	-	-	-	-

Approach	EB	NB	SB
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HCM Control Delay, s	11.8	1.8	0
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HCM LOS	B
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Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBL	NBT	EBLn1	EBLn2	SBT	SBR
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Capacity (veh/h)	1280	-	405	800	-	-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.059	-	0.107	0.095	-	-
HCM Control Delay (s)	8	-	15	10	-	-
HCM Lane LOS	A	-	C	B	-	-
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	0.2	-	0.4	0.3	-	-



Timings  
2: Tibet Rd & 38th Ave

Long Range Background PM Peak Hour

02/09/2022

Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	↑	↑↑	↑	↑	↑↑	↑	↑↑	↑↑	↑	↑	↑↑	↑
Traffic Volume (vph)	95	910	405	170	980	210	165	10	65	210	15	105
Future Volume (vph)	95	910	405	170	980	210	165	10	65	210	15	105
Turn Type	pm+pt	NA	pm+ov	pm+pt	NA	pm+ov	Prot	NA	pt+ov	Prot	NA	pm+ov
Protected Phases	7	4	5	3	8	1	5	2	23	1	6	7
Permitted Phases	4		4	8		8						6
Detector Phase	7	4	5	3	8	1	5	2	23	1	6	7
Switch Phase												
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0		5.0	5.0	5.0
Minimum Split (s)	9.5	22.5	9.5	9.5	22.5	9.5	9.5	22.5		9.5	22.5	9.5
Total Split (s)	12.0	52.0	27.0	17.0	57.0	27.0	27.0	24.0		27.0	24.0	12.0
Total Split (%)	10.0%	43.3%	22.5%	14.2%	47.5%	22.5%	22.5%	20.0%		22.5%	20.0%	10.0%
Yellow Time (s)	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5		3.5	3.5	3.5
All-Red Time (s)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0	1.0	1.0
Lost Time Adjust (s)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Lost Time (s)	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5		4.5	4.5	4.5
Lead/Lag	Lead	Lag	Lead	Lead	Lag	Lead	Lead	Lag		Lead	Lag	Lead
Lead-Lag Optimize?	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes							
Recall Mode	None	C-Max		None	C-Max	None						
Act Effect Green (s)	49.0	41.6	58.1	57.5	46.0	70.1	12.0	29.0	45.3	19.6	36.6	48.5
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.41	0.35	0.48	0.48	0.38	0.58	0.10	0.24	0.38	0.16	0.30	0.40
v/c Ratio	0.58	0.81	0.44	0.78	0.78	0.22	0.52	0.02	0.11	0.79	0.03	0.16
Control Delay	30.2	40.9	2.7	47.5	36.8	1.5	56.4	41.2	7.3	67.5	34.6	5.7
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Delay	30.2	40.9	2.7	47.5	36.8	1.5	56.4	41.2	7.3	67.5	34.6	5.7
LOS	C	D	A	D	D	A	E	D	A	E	C	A
Approach Delay	29.2				32.7				42.4			46.4
Approach LOS	C				C				D			D

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 120

Actuated Cycle Length: 120

Offset: 19.5 (16%), Referenced to phase 2:NBT and 6:SBT, Start of Yellow

Natural Cycle: 90

Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated

Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.81

Intersection Signal Delay: 33.3

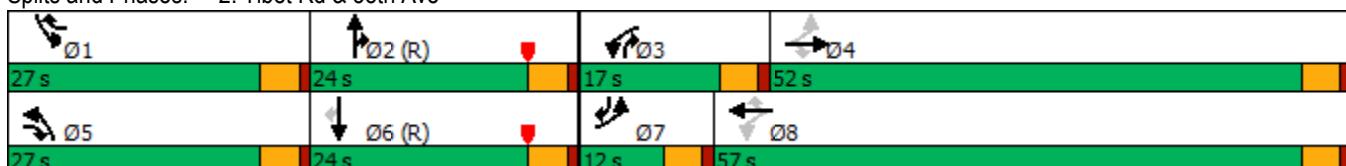
Intersection LOS: C

Intersection Capacity Utilization 64.1%

ICU Level of Service C

Analysis Period (min) 15

Splits and Phases: 2: Tibet Rd & 38th Ave



Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	1.6					
Movement	EBL	EBR	NBL	NBT	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑
Traffic Vol, veh/h	20	40	60	375	250	25
Future Vol, veh/h	20	40	60	375	250	25
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Free	Free	Free	Free
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	-	0	100	-	-	100
Veh in Median Storage, #	0	-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	0	-	-	0	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	92	92	92	92	92	92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	22	43	65	408	272	27
Major/Minor	Minor2	Major1	Major2			
Conflicting Flow All	810	272	299	0	-	0
Stage 1	272	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	538	-	-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy	6.42	6.22	4.12	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	5.42	-	-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	5.42	-	-	-	-	-
Follow-up Hdwy	3.518	3.318	2.218	-	-	-
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	349	767	1262	-	-	-
Stage 1	774	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	585	-	-	-	-	-
Platoon blocked, %	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	331	767	1262	-	-	-
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	331	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 1	734	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	585	-	-	-	-	-
Approach	EB	NB	SB			
HCM Control Delay, s	12.2	1.1	0			
HCM LOS	B					
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBL	NBT	EBLn1	EBLn2	SBT	SBR
Capacity (veh/h)	1262	-	331	767	-	-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.052	-	0.066	0.057	-	-
HCM Control Delay (s)	8	-	16.6	10	-	-
HCM Lane LOS	A	-	C	B	-	-
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	0.2	-	0.2	0.2	-	-

Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	3.2					
Movement	EBL	EBR	NBL	NBT	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑
Traffic Vol, veh/h	35	105	100	295	170	45
Future Vol, veh/h	35	105	100	295	170	45
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Free	Free	Free	Free
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	-	0	100	-	-	100
Veh in Median Storage, #	0	-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	0	-	-	0	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	92	92	92	92	92	92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	38	114	109	321	185	49
Major/Minor						
Major/Minor	Minor2	Major1	Major2			
Conflicting Flow All	724	185	234	0	-	0
Stage 1	185	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	539	-	-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy	6.42	6.22	4.12	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	5.42	-	-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	5.42	-	-	-	-	-
Follow-up Hdwy	3.518	3.318	2.218	-	-	-
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	393	857	1333	-	-	-
Stage 1	847	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	585	-	-	-	-	-
Platoon blocked, %	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	361	857	1333	-	-	-
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	361	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 1	778	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	585	-	-	-	-	-
Approach						
Approach	EB	NB	SB			
HCM Control Delay, s	11.4	2	0			
HCM LOS	B					
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt						
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBL	NBT	EBLn1	EBLn2	SBT	SBR
Capacity (veh/h)	1333	-	361	857	-	-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.082	-	0.105	0.133	-	-
HCM Control Delay (s)	7.9	-	16.1	9.8	-	-
HCM Lane LOS	A	-	C	A	-	-
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	0.3	-	0.3	0.5	-	-

## APPENDIX C.     SHORT RANGE FUTURE BACKGROUND TRAFFIC LOS



Timings  
2: Tibet Rd & 38th Ave

Long Range Total Traffic AM Peak Hour

02/11/2022

	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Group												
Lane Configurations	↑	↑↑	↑	↑	↑↑	↑	↑↑	↑↑	↑	↑	↑↑	↑
Traffic Volume (vph)	130	910	405	170	980	220	165	10	65	290	15	165
Future Volume (vph)	130	910	405	170	980	220	165	10	65	290	15	165
Turn Type	pm+pt	NA	pm+ov	pm+pt	NA	pm+ov	Prot	NA	pt+ov	Prot	NA	pm+ov
Protected Phases	7	4	5	3	8	1	5	2	23	1	6	7
Permitted Phases						8						6
Detector Phase	7	4	5	3	8	1	5	2	23	1	6	7
Switch Phase												
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0		5.0	5.0	5.0
Minimum Split (s)	9.5	22.5	9.5	9.5	22.5	9.5	9.5	22.5		9.5	22.5	9.5
Total Split (s)	13.0	49.0	27.0	18.0	54.0	29.0	27.0	24.0		29.0	26.0	13.0
Total Split (%)	10.8%	40.8%	22.5%	15.0%	45.0%	24.2%	22.5%	20.0%		24.2%	21.7%	10.8%
Yellow Time (s)	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5		3.5	3.5	3.5
All-Red Time (s)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0	1.0	1.0
Lost Time Adjust (s)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Lost Time (s)	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5		4.5	4.5	4.5
Lead/Lag	Lead	Lag	Lead	Lead	Lag	Lead	Lead	Lag		Lead	Lag	Lead
Lead-Lag Optimize?	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes							
Recall Mode	None	C-Max		None	C-Max	None						
Act Effect Green (s)	49.3	40.9	57.4	56.7	44.7	73.6	12.0	24.5	41.2	24.4	36.9	49.8
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.41	0.34	0.48	0.47	0.37	0.61	0.10	0.20	0.34	0.20	0.31	0.42
v/c Ratio	0.76	0.82	0.45	0.77	0.81	0.22	0.52	0.03	0.12	0.88	0.03	0.24
Control Delay	48.4	42.3	2.8	46.0	38.9	1.5	56.4	42.7	8.0	71.5	33.9	9.7
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Delay	48.4	42.3	2.8	46.0	38.9	1.5	56.4	42.7	8.0	71.5	33.9	9.7
LOS	D	D	A	D	D	A	E	D	A	E	C	A
Approach Delay		31.8				33.7			42.7			48.6
Approach LOS		C				C			D			D

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 120

Actuated Cycle Length: 120

Offset: 19.5 (16%), Referenced to phase 2:NBT and 6:SBT, Start of Yellow

Natural Cycle: 90

Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated

Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.88

Intersection Signal Delay: 35.5

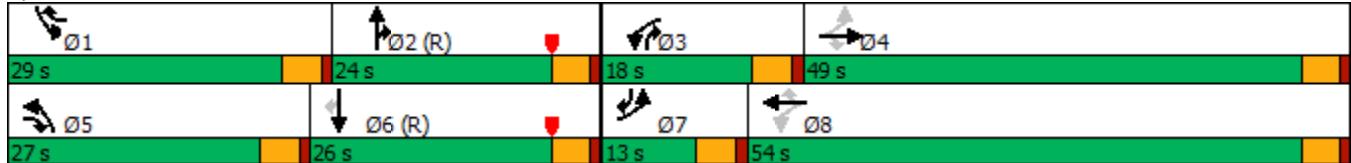
Intersection LOS: D

Intersection Capacity Utilization 68.6%

ICU Level of Service C

Analysis Period (min) 15

Splits and Phases: 2: Tibet Rd & 38th Ave







Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	2					
Movement	WBL	WBR	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT
Lane Configurations	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑
Traffic Vol, veh/h	65	40	315	35	10	275
Future Vol, veh/h	65	40	315	35	10	275
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Free	Free	Free	Free
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	100	0	-	100	100	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	0	-	0	-	-	0
Grade, %	0	-	0	-	-	0
Peak Hour Factor	92	92	92	92	92	92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	71	43	342	38	11	299
Major/Minor	Minor1	Major1	Major2			
Conflicting Flow All	663	342	0	0	380	0
Stage 1	342	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	321	-	-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy	6.42	6.22	-	-	4.12	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	5.42	-	-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	5.42	-	-	-	-	-
Follow-up Hdwy	3.518	3.318	-	-	2.218	-
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	426	701	-	-	1178	-
Stage 1	719	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	735	-	-	-	-	-
Platoon blocked, %	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	422	701	-	-	1178	-
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	422	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 1	719	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	728	-	-	-	-	-
Approach	WB	NB	SB			
HCM Control Delay, s	13.4	0	0.3			
HCM LOS	B					
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBT	NBR	WBLn1	WBLn2	SBL	SBT
Capacity (veh/h)	-	-	422	701	1178	-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	-	-	0.167	0.062	0.009	-
HCM Control Delay (s)	-	-	15.2	10.5	8.1	-
HCM Lane LOS	-	-	C	B	A	-
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	-	-	0.6	0.2	0	-

Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	0.2					
Movement	EBL	EBT	WBT	WBR	SBL	SBR
Lane Configurations		↑↑	↑↑	↗	↗	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	0	1265	1370	15	0	35
Future Vol, veh/h	0	1265	1370	15	0	35
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	0	-	0
Veh in Median Storage, #	-	0	0	-	0	-
Grade, %	-	0	0	-	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	92	92	92	92	92	92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	1375	1489	16	0	38
Major/Minor	Major1	Major2	Minor2			
Conflicting Flow All	-	0	-	0	-	745
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy	-	-	-	-	-	6.94
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Follow-up Hdwy	-	-	-	-	-	3.32
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	0	-	-	-	0	357
Stage 1	0	-	-	-	0	-
Stage 2	0	-	-	-	0	-
Platoon blocked, %	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	-	357
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approach	EB	WB	SB			
HCM Control Delay, s	0	0	16.3			
HCM LOS			C			
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	EBT	WBT	WBR	SBLn1		
Capacity (veh/h)	-	-	-	357		
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	-	-	-	0.107		
HCM Control Delay (s)	-	-	-	16.3		
HCM Lane LOS	-	-	-	C		
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	-	-	-	0.4		









Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	2					
Movement	WBL	WBR	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT
Lane Configurations	↑ ↗ ↑ ↗ ↗ ↑	↑ ↗ ↑ ↗ ↗ ↑				
Traffic Vol, veh/h	55	25	355	75	50	245
Future Vol, veh/h	55	25	355	75	50	245
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Free	Free	Free	Free
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	100	0	-	100	100	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	0	-	0	-	-	0
Grade, %	0	-	0	-	-	0
Peak Hour Factor	92	92	92	92	92	92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	60	27	386	82	54	266
Major/Minor	Minor1	Major1		Major2		
Conflicting Flow All	760	386	0	0	468	0
Stage 1	386	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	374	-	-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy	6.42	6.22	-	-	4.12	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	5.42	-	-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	5.42	-	-	-	-	-
Follow-up Hdwy	3.518	3.318	-	-	2.218	-
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	374	662	-	-	1094	-
Stage 1	687	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	696	-	-	-	-	-
Platoon blocked, %	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	356	662	-	-	1094	-
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	356	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 1	687	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	662	-	-	-	-	-
Approach	WB	NB		SB		
HCM Control Delay, s	15.1	0		1.4		
HCM LOS	C					
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBT	NBR	WBLn1	WBLn2	SBL	SBT
Capacity (veh/h)	-	-	356	662	1094	-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	-	-	0.168	0.041	0.05	-
HCM Control Delay (s)	-	-	17.1	10.7	8.5	-
HCM Lane LOS	-	-	C	B	A	-
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	-	-	0.6	0.1	0.2	-

Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	0.2					
Movement	EBL	EBT	WBT	WBR	SBL	SBR
Lane Configurations		↑↑	↑↑	↗	↗	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	0	1685	1510	60	0	30
Future Vol, veh/h	0	1685	1510	60	0	30
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	0	-	0
Veh in Median Storage, #	-	0	0	-	0	-
Grade, %	-	0	0	-	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	92	92	92	92	92	92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	1832	1641	65	0	33
Major/Minor	Major1	Major2	Minor2			
Conflicting Flow All	-	0	-	0	-	821
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy	-	-	-	-	-	6.94
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Follow-up Hdwy	-	-	-	-	-	3.32
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	0	-	-	-	0	318
Stage 1	0	-	-	-	0	-
Stage 2	0	-	-	-	0	-
Platoon blocked, %	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	-	318
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approach	EB	WB	SB			
HCM Control Delay, s	0	0	17.6			
HCM LOS			C			
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	EBT	WBT	WBR	SBLn1		
Capacity (veh/h)	-	-	-	318		
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	-	-	-	0.103		
HCM Control Delay (s)	-	-	-	17.6		
HCM Lane LOS	-	-	-	C		
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	-	-	-	0.3		